

City of Sioux Falls Firefighters' Pension Fund
Annual Actuarial Valuation Report
December 31, 2020



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February 15, 2021

Retirement Board
City of Sioux Falls Firefighters' Pension Fund
Sioux Falls, South Dakota

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The results of the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation of the City of Sioux Falls Firefighters' Pension Fund are presented in this report. The purpose of the valuation was to measure the Fund's funding progress, and to determine the employer contribution for the 2022 fiscal year. This report should not be relied upon for any other purpose. This report may be distributed to parties other than the Retirement Board only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Board. Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

The valuation was based upon the assumptions and methods adopted by the Board, information furnished by the Fund concerning Pension Fund benefits, financial transactions, individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. Data was checked for internal and year to year consistency, but was not audited by us. As a result, we are unable to assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in this report due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. This valuation was based on the assumption that the plan sponsor will continue to make the contributions necessary to fund this plan in the future. A determination regarding whether or not the plan sponsor is actually able to do so is outside our scope of expertise and was not performed.

The fiscal year 2022 contributions shown in this report were determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in Section C of this report. This report includes risk metrics on pages B-3 and D-1 but does not include a more robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions. This additional assessment of risk was beyond the scope of this assignment. We encourage a review and assessment of investment and other significant risks which may have a material impact on the Fund's financial position.

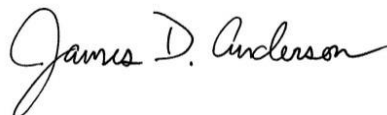
This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which in our professional judgment has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled.

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and was made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with the applicable state statutes. Louise M. Gates and James D. Anderson are independent of the plan sponsor and are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) who meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which are reasonable.

Respectfully submitted,



Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA



James D. Anderson, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA

LMG/JDA



SECTION A

VALUATION RESULTS

Financial Objective

The financial objective of the Pension Fund is to establish and receive contributions that will accumulate reserves during members' working lifetimes which will be sufficient to pay promised benefits throughout retirement.

Contributions

The Pension Fund is supported by member contributions, City contributions, State contributions (insurance premium taxes) and investment income from Pension Fund assets.

Contributions which satisfy the financial objective are determined by an annual actuarial valuation and are sufficient to:

- (1) cover the actuarial present value of benefits assigned to the current year by the actuarial cost methods described in Section C (the normal cost); and
- (2) amortize over a period of future years the actuarial present value of benefits not covered by valuation assets and anticipated future normal costs (unfunded actuarial accrued liability).

Pension contribution requirements for the year beginning January 1, 2022 are shown on page A-2.

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 7.30% on the actuarial value of assets), then the following outcomes are expected:

1. The employer normal cost is expected to decrease over time due to the closure of the plan to new hires.
2. The unfunded liability is expected to be paid off by the year 2038.

The funded status of the plan is expected to reach a 100% funded ratio by the year 2038.

Contributions Computed to Meet the Financial Objective of the Pension Fund for the Fiscal Year Beginning January 1, 2022

Contributions for	Contribution Dollars
Total Normal Cost	\$3,390,839
Employee Portion	1,181,477
Plan Sponsor Portion	2,209,362
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) Contribution	\$1,825,554
Total Computed Contribution*	\$4,034,916

* Plan sponsor contribution which includes City and State contributions

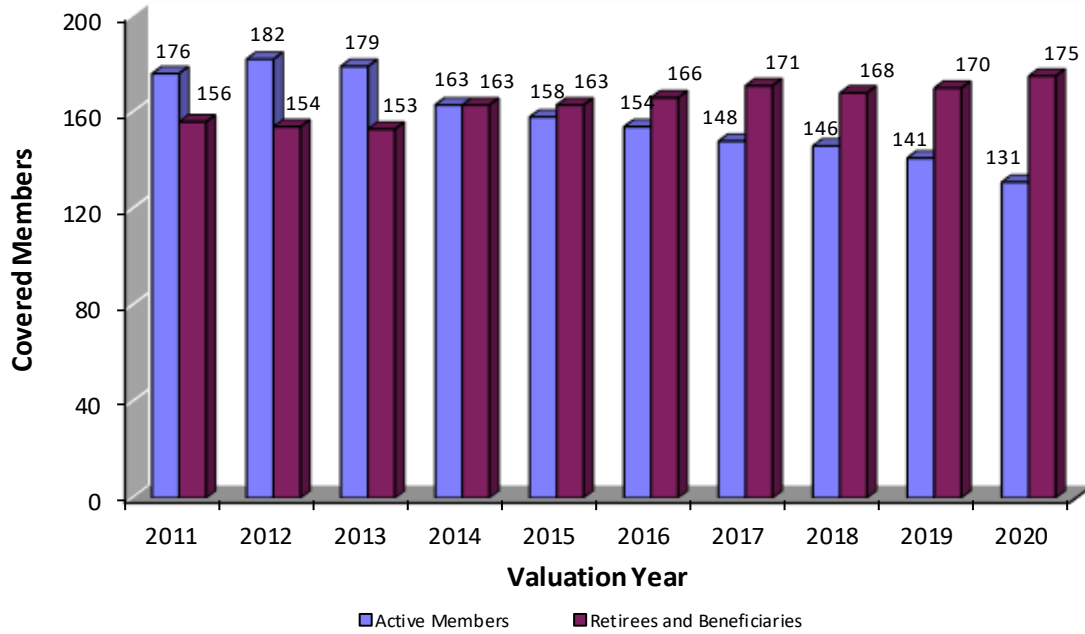
City Firefighter employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 become members of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) instead of joining the Pension Fund. Contributions are expressed in terms of dollars in this report instead of as percentages of payroll. This is due to the use of the level dollar amortization method (appropriate for systems closed to new hires) to finance the Pension Fund's unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL).

The Pension Fund's UAAL was amortized as a level dollar amount over a period of 17 years.

The employee contribution to the Pension Fund shown above was based on an employee contribution rate of 10.0% and plan member payroll projected to the year 2022.

The total computed contribution shown above includes contributions for the stipend benefit which became effective on January 1, 2014.

Active and Retired Pension Fund Members



The chart above shows current and future pension benefit recipients on each valuation date during the last 10 years.

Computed Pension Contributions Comparative Statement

Fiscal Year	Valuation Date December 31	% of Payroll Contributions	Dollar Contributions [^]
2008	2006	15.99 %	
2009	2007 @	16.36	
2010	2008	19.97	
2011	2009	24.55	
2012	2010	25.21	
2013	2011 @	24.31	
2014	2012 @#		\$4,484,256
2015	2013 @		4,424,656
2016	2014 @		4,407,249
2017	2015 @		4,663,613
2018	2016		4,270,282
2019	2017 @		3,991,024
2020	2018		3,965,830
2021	2019		4,099,545
2022	2020		4,034,916

@ After changes in actuarial assumptions or methods

After changes in benefit provisions

[^] Includes state paid pension contributions

Actuarial Balance Sheet - December 31, 2020

Present Pension Resources and Expected Future Resources

A.	Valuation assets	\$174,140,770
B.	Actuarial present value of expected future employer contributions	
	1. For normal costs	16,638,159
	2. For unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities	<u>18,699,488</u>
	3. Total	<u>35,337,647</u>
C.	Actuarial present value of expected future member contributions	<u>9,040,113</u>
D.	Total actuarial present value of present and expected future resources	<u><u>\$218,518,530</u></u>

Actuarial Present Value of Expected Future Pension Benefit Payments and Reserves

A.	To retirees and beneficiaries	\$118,206,661
B.	To vested terminated members	1,023,531
C.	To present active members	
	1. Allocated to service rendered prior to valuation date	73,610,066
	2. Allocated to service likely to be rendered after valuation date	<u>25,678,272</u>
	3. Total	<u>99,288,338</u>
D.	Total actuarial present value of expected future benefit payments	<u><u>\$218,518,530</u></u>



Derivation of Actuarial Gain (Loss) Year Ended December 31, 2020

The actuarial gains or losses realized in the operation of the Pension Fund provide an experience test. Gains and losses are expected to cancel each other over a period of years but sizable year to year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of the actuarial gain (loss) is shown below, along with a year by year comparative schedule.

(1) UAAL at the start of the year	\$19,800,108
(2) Normal cost	3,502,019
(3) Contributions	5,236,429
(4) Interest accrual	1,382,102
(5) Expected UAAL before changes	19,447,800
(6) Change from benefit changes	0
(7) Change from revised actuarial methods/assumptions	0
(8) Expected UAAL after changes	19,447,800
(9) Actual UAAL at end of year	18,699,488
(10) Gain (loss) (8) - (9)	748,312
(11) Gain (loss) as percent of actuarial accrued liabilities at start of year	0.4%

Valuation Date December 31	Actuarial Gain (Loss) as % of Beginning Accrued Liabilities
2011	(3.9) %
2012	(0.4)
2013	3.2
2014	1.8
2015	0.9
2016	2.6
2017	1.9
2018	(1.7)
2019	(1.0)
2020	0.4

Comments

Comment A: There were no benefit changes reported to the actuary in connection with this valuation of the Pension Fund. In addition, there were no assumption changes included in this valuation of the Pension Fund.

Comment B: Pension Fund experience was overall, favorable during the 2020 plan year. The investment return on Fund assets was greater than long term expectations. The market value smoothing techniques used in this valuation of the System recognize both past and present investment experience. As a result, the recognized rate of return on pension assets during the year was 8.99%. In addition, lower than projected post retirement cost-of-living adjustments paid to eligible retirees during 2020 and liability adjustments related to data corrections contributed to the favorable experience. This favorable experience was offset in large part by higher than projected pay increases. Details of the asset smoothing method are shown on page B-3.

Comment C: As of the valuation date, the Pension Fund's funding percent based on the total value of assets held in trust is 98.6%. As of December 31, 2019, the funding percent was 97.9%. If the market value of assets was used to determine the funding percent, the result would be 105.6% as of the valuation date.

Unless otherwise indicated, the funding status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets (including assets held in the unallocated income reserve). With regard to the funding status measurement presented in this report, it is important to note the following:

- The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of pension plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations.
- The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the need for or the amount of future employer contributions.
- The measurement will produce a different result if the market value of assets is used instead of the actuarial value of assets, unless the actuarial value of assets equals the market value of assets.

Comment D: The last study of Pension Fund experience was prepared in 2013. Given the elapsed time since the last actuarial study of Pension Fund experience and the availability of new mortality tables, we recommend an experience study. Ideally, this would be prepared this year, or in time for use in the 2022 actuarial valuation of the pension plan.

Risks Associated with Measuring the Accrued Liability and Actuarially Determined Contribution

The determination of the actuarial liability and the actuarially determined contribution requires the use of assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the actuarial liability and the actuarially determined contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of an actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition include:

1. Investment risk – actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
2. Asset/Liability mismatch – changes in asset values may not match changes in liabilities, thereby altering the gap between the actuarial liability and assets and consequently altering the funded status and contribution requirements;
3. Contribution risk – actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the plan's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
4. Salary and Payroll risk – actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future actuarial liability and contributions differing from expected;
5. Longevity risk – members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed; and
6. Other demographic risks – members may terminate, retire or become disabled at times or with benefits other than assumed resulting in actual future actuarial liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example, if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise, if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.

SECTION B

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS AND VALUATION DATA

Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered (December 31, 2020)

Pension Fund Eligibility:

New City Firefighter employees hired on or before June 30, 2013 will become members of the Firefighters Pension Fund. Individuals hired after June 30, 2013 will become members of the South Dakota Retirement System.

Regular Retirement:

Eligibility - Age 55 with 20 or more years of service; or the sum of a member's age and years of service equals eighty (80) with a minimum retirement age of 50.

Annual Amount - Final average compensation times the sum of a) 2.5% times the first 25 years of service, plus b) 1.5% times service in excess of 25 years.

Type of Final Average Compensation - Average of last 3 years before retirement. Some lump sums are included.

Early Reduced Retirement:

Eligibility - 20 or more years of service.

Annual Amount - Same as regular retirement except that the benefit is actuarially reduced.

Deferred Retirement (vested benefit):

Eligibility - 15 years of service; benefit payable at deferred retirement age.

Annual Amount - Computed as a regular retirement benefit but based on service and final average compensation at termination.

Duty Disability Retirement:

Eligibility - No age or service requirements. Must be in receipt of Workers' Compensation.

Annual Amount - Computed as a regular retirement benefit, based on a minimum of 10 years of service. Minimum benefit is 50% of a first-class firefighter's salary. Workers' compensation payments are offset.

Non-Duty Disability Retirement:

Eligibility - 10 years of service.

Annual Amount - Computed as a regular retirement benefit. Minimum benefit is 20% of a first-class firefighter's salary.



Benefit Provisions Evaluated and/or Considered (December 31, 2020)

Duty Death Before Retirement:

Eligibility - No age or service requirement. Also payable in case of death of duty-disability retiree within 5 years of retirement. Workers' Compensation must be payable.

Annual Amount - Refund of accumulated contributions. Spouse receives a pension of 1/3 of first-class firefighter's salary until death. Unmarried children under age 18 or an eligible handicapped child will receive equal share of 1/4 of a first-class firefighter's salary (if no spouse, each child receives 1/4 to a maximum of 1/2). The minimum monthly benefit for each eligible child is \$200. If there are no spouse or eligible children, dependent parents each receive 1/6 of a first-class firefighter's salary. Workers' Compensation payments are offset.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement:

Eligibility - 10 years of service.

Annual Amount - Surviving spouse receives a monthly benefit for life computed as a regular retirement benefit but actuarially reduced in accordance with a 100% joint and survivor election. In addition each eligible or handicapped child is paid a minimum monthly benefit of \$200.

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustments:

An annual increase equal to 100% of the June CPI change each year (with a cap of 3%) applied to the member's current benefit. The first increase is granted after 36 months of retirement.

Member Contributions:

8% of compensation until January 1, 2014.
9% of compensation effective January 6, 2014.
10% of compensation on and after January 5, 2015.

Stipend Benefit:

Eligibility - Members who retire from City employment (regular, early reduced or disability retirement) after December 31, 2013 are eligible to receive a monthly stipend benefit payable from the Pension Fund until age 65 (or Medicare eligibility) in lieu of retiree health plan benefits.

Annual Amount - \$40 per month times years of service at retirement. Benefit is payable to the member only until he/she becomes eligible for Medicare or dies (if earlier). No benefit is payable to a surviving spouse or child of a deceased Pension Fund Member. This benefit increases by 3% each year beginning in January 2015.



Derivation of Valuation Assets

	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Unallocated Income Reserve</u>	<u>Total</u>
A. Funding Value, 12/31/19	\$ 162,668,914		
B. Market Value, Beginning of Year	167,550,378	\$ 16,051,694	\$ 183,602,072
C1. Non-Investment Net Cash Flow	(3,023,416)		
C2. Transfer from UI Reserve	-		
D. Total Investment Income	23,007,850		
E. Market Value, End of Year	187,534,812	16,051,694	203,586,506
F. Phase-in Factor	20%		
G. Expected Income	11,764,476		
H. Market Value Gain (Loss): [(D) – (G)]	11,243,374		
I. Method Change			
J. Recognition of Gain (Loss)			
J1. Year One	2,248,675		
J2. Year Two	3,832,089		
J3. Year Three	(3,552,396)		
J4. Year Four	7,867		
J5. Year Five	194,561		
J6. Total (J1...J5)	<u>2,730,796</u>		
K. Funding Value, 12/31/20			
(A) +(C1)+(C2)+(G)+(J6)	174,140,770	16,051,694	190,192,464
L. Funding Value Rate of Return	8.99%		

The net market value rate of return on total assets held in trust was 12.64%



Asset Information Reported for Valuation Comparative Statement - Market Value

Year Ended Dec. 31	Assets Beginning of Year	Revenues			Expenses			Assets Year-End
		Member Contrib.	Employer Contrib.	Net Investment Income	Retirement Benefits	Contrib. Refunds	Other Net Expenses*	
2006	\$ 81,452,439	\$ 804,140	\$2,096,083	\$ 12,813,932	\$3,755,563	\$133,085	\$ 539,948	\$ 92,737,998
2007	92,737,998	832,892	2,716,461	7,602,334	4,173,282	42,932	611,256	99,062,215
2008	99,062,215	856,843	2,685,905	(26,092,662)	4,440,801	22,529	633,148	71,415,823
2009	71,415,823	926,257	2,852,790	16,900,840	4,930,354	43,069	583,877	86,538,410
2010	86,538,410	887,101	3,171,070	12,255,865	5,211,418	34,640	464,318	97,142,070
2011	97,142,070	916,965	3,718,003	1,987,241	5,558,803	3,589	541,016	97,660,871
2012	97,660,871	911,291	3,970,160	13,981,467	5,848,569	0	478,398	110,196,822
2013	110,196,822	926,949	4,016,011 **	21,915,937	5,937,848	16,103	461,128	130,640,640
2014	130,640,640	1,056,622	4,089,313 ***	8,885,483	6,470,814	70,653	412,698	137,717,893
2015	137,717,893	1,150,548	4,424,656	(250,585)	6,881,461	32,636	401,620	135,726,795
2016	135,726,795	1,169,466	4,407,249	11,314,306	7,092,026	31,061	435,230	145,059,499
2017	145,059,499	1,188,155	4,663,612	23,857,466	7,460,482	0	2,432,979	164,875,271
2018	164,875,271	1,181,980	4,443,152 ***	(6,743,039)	7,695,194	0	117,337	155,944,833
2019	155,944,833	1,202,997	3,991,024	30,551,368	7,950,984	0	137,166	183,602,072
2020	183,602,072	1,270,599	3,965,830	23,132,415	8,428,579	81,477	(125,646)	203,586,506

* Up to and including the year 2017, this item reflects retiree health benefits including any transfers out of the fund

** Employer contributions in 2013 include contributions to the unallocated income reserve

*** Before reserve transfer



Additions to and Removals from Retired/Survivor Membership Comparative Statement

Year Ended Dec. 31	Additions		Removals		End of Year Totals		Average Annual Benefits	Present Value of Benefits	Expected Removals
	No.	Annual Benefits*	No.	Annual Benefits	No.	Annual Benefits			
2006	9	\$ 484,345	4	\$ 76,783	133	\$ 3,967,571	\$29,831	\$52,332,720	3.6
2007	7	371,127	3	31,735	137	4,306,963	31,438	57,295,812	3.7
2008	9	527,492	5	160,035	141	4,674,420	33,152	64,060,877	3.8
2009	14	567,145	6	83,800	149	5,157,765	34,616	70,864,899	3.9
2010	7	299,458	5	108,324	151	5,348,899	35,423	73,447,548	3.9
2011	11	567,883	6	159,270	156	5,757,512	36,907	79,914,932	4.0
2012	2	190,469	4	124,027	154	5,823,954	37,818	82,278,462	4.2
2013	3	219,347	4	125,800	153	5,917,501	38,676	84,573,093	3.7
2014	16	871,488	6	176,262	163	6,612,727	40,569	97,235,026	3.7
2015	6	430,488	6	209,943	163	6,833,272	41,922	102,197,293	3.4
2016	5	212,268	2	67,529	166	6,978,011	42,036	103,629,811	3.4
2017	8	505,288	3	115,406	171	7,367,893	43,087	107,941,613	3.6
2018	2	190,946	5	177,670	168	7,381,169	43,936	107,121,666	3.9
2019	8	573,882	6	171,790	170	7,783,261	45,784	113,332,540	4.1
2020	9	579,444	4	188,801	175	8,173,904	46,708	118,206,661	3.8

* Includes post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments.



Retirees and Beneficiaries December 31, 2020 Tabulated by Type of Benefits Being Paid

<u>Type of Benefits Being Paid</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Annual Pension Benefit</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Annual Stipend</u>
Age and Service Benefits	134	\$6,810,067	34	\$503,414
Disability Retirement Benefits*	10	289,088	4	38,782
Survivor Benefits	31	1,074,749	0	0
Total	175	\$8,173,904	38	\$542,196

* Includes survivors of disabled retirees.

Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age as of December 31, 2020

<u>Age</u>	<u>No.</u>	<u>Annual Pensions</u>
40 - 44	3	\$ 117,131
50 - 54	5	211,261
55 - 59	23	1,217,414
60 - 64	35	1,797,828
65 - 69	46	2,350,405
70 - 74	27	1,110,608
75 - 79	13	651,790
80 - 84	12	459,731
85 +	11	257,736
Total	175	\$ 8,173,904

Vested Deferred Retirements as of December 31, 2020

There were 4 inactive members reported as of December 31, 2020 with estimated deferred annual retirement allowances totaling \$153,661. An inactive member is a person who has left City employment with entitlement to retirement benefits upon meeting eligibility conditions for benefit commencement. The table below shows the inactive members and their estimated pension benefits.

Age	No.	Estimated Pensions
45-49	2	\$ 60,987
50-54	2	92,674
Totals	4	\$ 153,661

Active Members Included in Valuation

Valn. Date Dec. 31	Active Members			Vested Term. Members	Valuation Payroll	Age	Average		% Incr.
	Chiefs	Other	Total		Service		Pay		
2006	12	166	178	5	\$ 9,493,382	40	10.7	\$53,334	(0.7)%
2007	11	166	177	4	9,991,111	40	10.9	56,447	5.8
2008	12	170	182	4	10,461,858	40	10.5	57,483	1.8
2009	13	166	179	3	11,189,155	40	10.4	62,509	8.7
2010	12	168	180	3	10,913,504	40	10.6	60,631	(3.0)
2011	11	165	176	4	10,827,592	40	10.5	61,520	1.5
2012	13	169	182	5	11,525,947	41	11.2	63,329	2.9
2013	11	168	179	5	11,573,294	42	12.2	64,655	2.1
2014	8	155	163	5	10,910,044	42	12.2	66,933	3.5
2015	8	150	158	5	11,230,191	43	12.8	71,077	6.2
2016	8	146	154	4	11,479,484	44	13.6	74,542	4.9
2017	10	138	148	3	11,406,732	44	14.1	77,073	3.4
2018	11	135	146	4	11,710,123	45	15.1	80,206	4.1
2019	11	130	141	4	11,623,173	46	15.5	82,434	2.8
2020	11	120	131	4	12,117,714	46	16.2	92,502	12.2

Additions to and Removals from Active Membership Actual and Expected Numbers

Year Ended Dec. 31	Number Added During Year		Retirement		Disability Retirement		Died-in- Service		Other Terminations		Members End of Year
	A	E	A	E	A	E	A	E	A	E	
	2011	8	12	7	2.1	0	0.2	0	0.2	5	
2012	7	1	0	1.6	0	0.2	0	0.2	1	2.9	182
2013	0	0	0	4.5	1	0.3	0	0.2	2	1.9	179
2014	0	0	11	7.4	2	0.3	0	0.2	3	1.6	163
2015	0	0	4	3.3	1	0.3	0	0.2	0	1.4	158
2016	0	0	3	2.1	0	0.3	0	0.2	1	1.3	154
2017	0	0	6	5.4	0	0.4	0	0.2	0	1.2	148
2018	0	0	1	4.5	0	0.4	0	0.2	1	1.1	146
2019	2*	0	7	5.6	0	0.4	0	0.2	0	0.9	141
2020	0	0	5	6.2	1	0.4	1	0.2	3*	0.8	131
5-Year Totals	2	0	22	23.8	1	1.9	1	1.0	5	5.3	

* Includes transfers

A - Represents actual number.

E - Represents the expected number based on assumptions outlined in Section C of this report.

Active Firefighter Members December 31, 2020 by Age and Years of Service

Age	Years of Service on Valuation Date							Totals	
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.	Payroll
30-34		4	1					5	\$ 420,838
35-39		5	11					16	1,351,534
40-44		3	14	16	1			34	3,089,062
45-49		1	13	9	3			26	2,280,182
50-54			8	7	3	4		22	2,070,501
55-59			3	6	2	1	1	13	1,244,106
60				2				2	187,615
64				1				1	102,286
66				1				1	84,112
Totals	0	13	50	42	9	5	1	120	\$10,830,236

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 46.1 years
Service: 15.7 years
Annual Pay: \$90,252



Active Member Fire Management December 31, 2020 by Age and Years of Service

Age	Years of Service on Valuation Date							Totals	
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 Plus	No.	Payroll
35-39			1					1	\$ 103,363
40-44				2	1			3	335,109
45-49					1			1	110,778
50-54				2	2	1		5	614,059
55-59							1	1	124,169
Totals	0	0	1	4	4	1	1	11	\$ 1,287,478

While not used in the financial computations, the following group averages are computed and shown because of their general interest.

Age: 48.1 years
Service: 21.5 years
Annual Pay: \$117,044

SECTION C

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS AND DEFINITIONS OF TECHNICAL TERMS

Actuarial Methods Used for the Valuation

Actuarial Cost Method

The normal cost and the allocation of actuarial present values between service rendered before and after the valuation date were determined using an individual entry-age actuarial cost method having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal costs for each individual active member, payable from the member's actual date of employment to projected date of retirement, are sufficient to accumulate the actuarial present value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year-by-year projected covered pay.

Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities

The Pension Plan unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was determined using the funding value of assets and actuarial accrued pension liability calculated as of the valuation date. The UAAL amortization payment (one component of the contribution requirement), was developed using a level dollar amortization method that fully amortizes the UAAL over a 17-year period. This UAAL payment reflects payments expected to be made between the valuation date and the date contributions determined by this report are scheduled to begin.

Asset Valuation Method

The funding value of assets used in the Pension Plan valuation recognizes assumed investment income fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income are phased-in over a 5-year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, the funding value of assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, the funding value of assets will tend to be greater than market value. This is the result of phasing-in differences between actual investment income (market value basis) and expected investment income (funding value basis).

Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Valuation

Investment Return (net of investment and administrative expenses):

7.30% per year, compounded annually for the pension plan. This rate consists of a net real rate of return of 3.05% per year plus a long-term rate of wage inflation of 4.25% per year.

This assumption is used to equate the value of payments due at different points in time and was first used for the December 31, 2017 valuation.

Net Market rates of investment return during the last 5 plan years are shown below:

	For the Year Ending December 31				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Rate of investment Return	12.64%	19.68%	(4.19)%	17.00%	18.32%

Pay Projections: These assumptions are used to project current pays to those upon which benefits will be based. The base economic assumptions were first used for the December 31, 2007 valuation. The merit and longevity assumptions shown below were first used for the December 31, 2012 valuation.

Service (Years)	Annual Rate of Pay Increase for Sample Ages		
	Base (Economic)	Merit and Longevity	Total
1-4	4.25 %	4.50 %	8.75 %
5-12	4.25	2.00	6.25
13	4.25	1.00	5.25
14+	4.25	0.00	4.25

The assumed rate of price inflation used in the pension valuation is 2.75% per year.

Mortality Table: The RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected to 2020 using Projection Scale BB, with 100% of the table rates used for both men and women. Sample values follow:

Sample Ages	Future Life Expectancy (Years)	
	Men	Women
55	28.37	30.90
60	23.94	26.34
65	19.74	21.98
70	15.83	17.93
75	12.26	14.25
80	9.13	10.95

Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Valuation

Rates of separation from active membership: The rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability. This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment.

Sample Ages	Years of Service	Percent Separating within Next Year
ALL	0	6.00 %
	1	2.00
	2	1.50
	3	1.25
	4	1.25
25	5 & Over	2.50
30		2.00
35		1.50
40		1.00
45		0.50
50		0.00
55		0.00
60		0.00

The service based rates were first used in the December 31, 2012 valuation. The age based rates were first used in the December 31, 2004 valuation.

Rates of Disability: These assumptions represent the probabilities of active members becoming disabled.

Sample Ages	Percent Becoming Disabled within Next Year
20	0.08 %
25	0.08
30	0.08
35	0.08
40	0.20
45	0.27
50	0.49
55	0.89

Actuarial Assumptions Used for the Valuation

Rates of Retirement: These rates are used to measure the probabilities of an eligible member retiring under the Regular and Early reduced retirement provisions during the next year.

Percents of Active Members Retiring within the Next Year			
Retirement Ages	Regular Retirement Rates	Service (Yrs)	Early Retirement Rates
50	50 %	20	2 %
51	50	21	2
52	50	22	2
53	50	23	2
54	60	24	2
55	60	25	2
56	60	26	2
57	70	27	2
58	70	28	2
59	70	29	2
60 & Over	100	30 & Over	2

A member was assumed to be eligible for regular retirement after attaining age 55 and completing 20 or more years of service, or if the sum of age and service equals eighty (80). A member was assumed to be eligible for early reduced retirement after completing 20 years of service.

The early retirement rates were first used for the December 31, 2004 valuation. The regular retirement rates were first used for the December 31, 2012 valuation.

Miscellaneous and Technical Assumptions

Marriage Assumption:	80% of participants are assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits. In each case males were assumed to be 3 years older than females.
Pay Increase Timing:	Beginning of year.
Decrement Timing:	Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
Eligibility Testing:	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Benefit Service:	Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.
Other:	Disability and turnover decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Miscellaneous Loading Factors:	The calculated retirement benefits were increased by 13% to account for the inclusion of unused sick leave and vacation time in the calculation of Final Average Compensation (FAC) and by 1% to account for the impact of subsidized optional forms of payment.
Death/Disability Assumption:	Fifty percent of disabilities and deaths were assumed to be duty related. Fifty percent were assumed to be unrelated to duty. The recovery rate from disability was assumed to be 0 (i.e., no disabled individual was assumed to recover and return to work).
Forfeiture Assumption:	All vested terminated members were assumed to elect a deferred retirement benefit.

Definitions of Technical Terms

Accrued Service - Service credited under the system which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Accrued Liability - The difference between the actuarial present value of system benefits and the actuarial present value of future normal costs. Also referred to as “past service liability.”

Actuarial Assumptions - Estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method - A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the “actuarial present value of future benefits” between future normal costs and actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the “actuarial funding method.”

Actuarial Equivalent - One series of payments is said to be actuarially equivalent to another series of payments if the two series have the same actuarial present value.

Actuarial Gain (Loss) - The difference between actual unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities and anticipated unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities -- during the period between two valuation dates. It is a measurement of the difference between actual and expected experience.

Actuarial Present Value - The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting future payments at predetermined rates of interest, and by probabilities of payment.

Amortization - Paying off an interest-discounted amount with periodic payments of interest and (generally) principal -- as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

Normal Cost - The portion of the actuarial present value of future benefits that is assigned to the current year by the actuarial cost method. Sometimes referred to as “current service cost.”

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - The difference between actuarial accrued liabilities and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as “unfunded past service liability” or “unfunded supplemental present value.”

Most retirement systems have unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. They arise each time new benefits are added and each time an actuarial loss occurs. The existence of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities is not in itself bad, any more than a mortgage on a house is bad. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities do not represent a debt that is payable today. What is important is the ability to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities and the trend in their amount (after due allowance for devaluation of the dollar).



SECTION D

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Year	Actuarial Value of Assets* (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2011	\$ 96,992,162	\$ 115,353,137	\$ 18,360,975	84.1 %	\$ 10,827,592	169.6%
2012	102,540,544	130,254,837	27,714,293	78.7	11,525,947	240.5
2013	111,829,762	139,068,860	27,239,098	80.4	11,573,294	235.4
2014	121,333,559	148,032,067	26,698,508	82.0	10,910,044	244.7
2015	129,788,774	157,437,460	27,648,686	82.4	11,230,191	246.2
2016	139,937,741	163,234,586	23,296,845	85.7	11,479,484	202.9
2017	167,923,784	168,734,146	810,362	99.5	11,406,732	7.1
2018	171,591,228	174,209,235	2,618,007	98.5	11,710,123	22.4
2019	178,720,608	182,469,022	3,748,414	97.9	11,623,173	32.2
2020	190,192,464	192,840,258	2,647,794	98.6	12,117,714	21.9

* Includes assets held in the Unallocated Income Reserve

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Valuation Year Ended December 31	Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Contribution Rates as % of Valuation Payroll	Computed Dollar Contributions	Actual Contributions	% Contributed
2011	2013	24.31 %	\$2,860,678	\$2,816,770	98%
2012 ^	2014	24.31	4,484,256	4,484,256	100
2013 ^	2015		4,424,656	4,424,656	100
2014 ^	2016		4,407,249	4,407,249	100
2015 ^	2017		4,663,613	4,663,612	100
2016	2018		4,270,282	4,443,152	100
2017 ^	2019		3,991,024	3,991,024	100
2018	2020		3,965,830	3,965,830	100
2019	2021		4,099,545		
2020	2022		4,034,916		

^ New methods and/or assumptions

Computed dollar contributions before the 2012 valuation year are based on contribution rates and projected valuation payroll. Actual contributions were reported by the City. Deviations may be attributable to differences between projected and actual payroll.





February 15, 2021

Ms. Angie Uthe
City of Sioux Falls Firefighters' Pension Fund
City Hall - 224 West 9th Street
Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104-6407

Dear Angie:

Enclosed is a copy of the annual actuarial valuation report of the liabilities and contribution requirements associated with the City of Sioux Falls Firefighters' Pension Fund.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Louise Gates". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA

Enclosure